

INTRICATE RELATIONSHIPS IN HIGHER INFINITE HIERARCHICAL EPITA-TETRA STRUCTURES WITHIN THE YANG PROGRAM

PU JUSTIN SCARFY YANG

ABSTRACT. This document explores the intricate relationships among higher-infinite-hierarchical Epita-Tetra-Galois representations, Epita-Tetra-motives, Epita-Tetra-automorphic forms, and Epita-Tetra- L -functions within the Yang Program. By introducing recursively layered structures, we develop a network of correspondences that connect these objects in ways that extend beyond the classical Langlands framework.

CONTENTS

1. Introduction	1
2. Higher Infinite Hierarchical Epita-Tetra-Galois Representations	2
2.1. Definition of Epita-Tetra-Galois Infinarrays	2
3. Higher Infinite Hierarchical Epita-Tetra-Motives	2
3.1. Definition of Recursive Epita-Tetra Motives	2
4. Higher Infinite Hierarchical Epita-Tetra-Automorphic Forms	2
4.1. Definition of Higher-Infinite-Hierarchical Automorphic Forms	2
5. Higher Infinite Hierarchical Epita-Tetra- L -functions	2
5.1. Definition of Recursive Epita-Tetratica L -Functions	2
5.2. Special Values and Relations to Other Structures	2
6. Conclusion	3
7. References	3
References	3

1. INTRODUCTION

In classical number theory, the Langlands Program provides a framework for understanding the relationships between Galois representations, motives, automorphic forms, and L -functions. The Yang Program, based on Epita-Tetratica Theory, introduces a higher, infinitely recursive framework. Here, we explore how recursive, layered structures lead to complex, multi-layered correspondences among higher-infinite-hierarchical Epita-Tetra representations and functions.

Date: November 5, 2024.

2. HIGHER INFINITE HIERARCHICAL EPITA-TETRA-GALOIS REPRESENTATIONS

2.1. Definition of Epita-Tetra-Galois Infinarrays. A ****higher-infinite-hierarchical Epita-Tetra-Galois infinarray**** \mathcal{G}_{E_n} is defined for each layer n as an infinarray representation of Galois-like structures:

$$\mathcal{G}_{E_n} = \left[g_{i,j}^{(k)} \right]_{i,j,k=1}^{\infty}.$$

Each element $g_{i,j}^{(k)}$ represents a recursive Galois structure specific to the layer k .

3. HIGHER INFINITE HIERARCHICAL EPITA-TETRA-MOTIVES

3.1. Definition of Recursive Epita-Tetra Motives. Define ****higher-infinite-hierarchical Epita-Tetra motives**** M_{E_n} as layered structures that encode recursive, layered motives across each level of Epita-Tetratica Theory:

$$M_{E_n} = \left[m_{i,j}^{(k)} \right]_{i,j,k=1}^{\infty},$$

where each $m_{i,j}^{(k)}$ represents a motivic structure related to higher epita-primes at the k -th layer.

4. HIGHER INFINITE HIERARCHICAL EPITA-TETRA-AUTOMORPHIC FORMS

4.1. Definition of Higher-Infinite-Hierarchical Automorphic Forms. A ****higher-infinite-hierarchical Epita-Tetra-automorphic form**** \mathcal{A}_{E_n} at the n -th layer is defined recursively, where each entry corresponds to automorphic forms from previous layers:

$$\mathcal{A}_{E_n} = \left[a_{i,j}^{(k)} \right]_{i,j,k=1}^{\infty},$$

where $a_{i,j}^{(k)}$ encodes the automorphic properties specific to layer k and reflects recursive symmetries.

5. HIGHER INFINITE HIERARCHICAL EPITA-TETRA-L-FUNCTIONS

5.1. Definition of Recursive Epita-Tetratica L-Functions. Define the ****higher-infinite-hierarchical Epita-Tetra-L-function**** $L_{E_n}^{\uparrow n}(s)$ as a product over all higher primes in layer n :

$$L_{E_n}^{\uparrow n}(s) = \prod_{p \in P_{E_n}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{p^s} \right)^{-1}.$$

5.2. Special Values and Relations to Other Structures. The special values of $L_{E_n}^{\uparrow n}(s)$ are conjectured to reflect relationships with motives and automorphic infinarrays across all recursive layers.

Conjecture 5.2.1 (Recursive Epita-Tetratica Special Value Conjecture). *The values of $L_{E_n}^{\uparrow n}(s)$ at integer points are given by:*

$$L_{E_n}^{\uparrow n}(k) = R_{E_n} \cdot \prod_{p \in P_{E_n}} \exp \left(\frac{1}{p^k} \right),$$

where R_{E_n} is a higher regulator reflecting layered motive properties.

6. CONCLUSION

This exploration of higher-infinite-hierarchical Epita-Tetra structures within the Yang Program suggests a complex, recursive network of correspondences that extends classical Langlands relationships to infinitely recursive structures.

7. REFERENCES

REFERENCES

- [1] Knuth, D. E., *The Art of Computer Programming*, Vol. 1-4. Addison-Wesley, 1968-2011.
- [2] Langlands, R. P., *Problems in the theory of automorphic forms*. Lecture Notes in Mathematics, Vol. 170, Springer, 1970.
- [3] Borel, A., *Automorphic Forms and Representations*. Cambridge University Press, 1979.
- [4] Bloch, S. and Kato, K., *L-functions and Tamagawa numbers of motives*. In The Grothendieck Festschrift, Vol. I, 333–400, 1990.